Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XV.—NO. 210. PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15—Ophir 86½, Mexican 89½, Overman 13, Gould & Curry 13, Hale & Norcross 12, Point 31, Jacket 32, Imperial 71, Kentuck 8, Yellow Jacket 12, Alpha 14, Belcher 13, Crown Point 31, Savage 64, Hale & Norcross 12, Alpha 14, Belcher 13, Mill 43, Kentuck 12, Con. Va 23½, Nevada 10½, California 52½, Bullion 37, Overman 11½, Justice 6, Confidence 17, Con. Va 23½, Nevada 10½, California 52½, Bullion 37, Overman 11½, Justice 6, Belcher 13, Crown Point 31, Julia 11, Caledonia 14½, Knickerbocker 8, Julia 11, Caledonia 14½, Knickerbocker 8, Baltimore 2½, Utah 6½, 8 Nat 7, Eclipse 4½, Burton 4, Eclipse 1 2d, N Y Con 1, Occidental 1, Woodville 4½, Kossuth ½, Andes 2½, Lecompton 1, Chollar 5½, Union 2½.

EVENING SESSION—Andes 2½, Alpha 15, Belcher 13, Con. 2, Challenge 8, Caledonia 13½, Emp. Mill 6, Eclipse 3½, Eu. & L. 6, Eu. Con. 13, C. Charles 6, Hale & Norcross 28½, Jackson 1½, Justice 2½, Julia 11, Kentuck 18½, K. K. Con. 5, Leopard 2, Monitor Valley 2, New York 4, Occidental 3, Overman 25c, 8, Patch 75c, 8, & E 14½, 8, Savage 60c, 32, Hill, Union Con. 1, Wood 1, Yellow Jacket 7, buyer 6, 8½ selling.

Greenback 87, buyer 6, 87½ selling.

Bulletin-Mint Libel Suit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15—Judge Morrison rendered a decision to-day granting the motion made on behalf of defendants in the libel case of Geo. K. Fitch et al vs Fred'k Mac Crellish et al, to strike out certain portions of complaint relating to the Bank of California and its officers.

Eastern Rain Still Down

Latest Stock Quotations.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 15.—A severe shock of earthquake was felt here at 2.32 P. M. shaking buildings freely, lasting from thirty to forty seconds. Vibrations were from west to east.

ANAHEIM, Nov. 15. A light shock of earthquake occurred this evening at 2:15 with an undulating motion, but no noise. No damage done.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 15.—There were showers and light rain on Saturday night and yesterday. Grass is growing finely and the farming prospects good.

About thirty six minutes past 2 o'clock this afternoon a smart shock of earthquake lasting for six seconds was felt here and simultaneously in all places in the interior with which we have communication by telegraph. The shock did no damage whatever.

FORT BIDWELL, Nov. 15.—The most disastrous earthquake of the season visited us at 2:30 P. M. Vibrations were north and south with the undulating motion, accompanied with a rumbling noise. No damage reported in buildings.

Rain commenced Saturday and it is still raining, with no prospects of clearing up. No wind.

ARIZONA.

SAN DIEGO, Nov. 15.—The severest shock of earthquake ever experienced here occurred this afternoon at 2:30, lasting 4 seconds, shattering chimneys and cracking adobe walls badly. Three or four small shocks succeeded the first shock at intervals of 15 or 20 minutes.

A severe sand storm has prevailed on the desert since yesterday morning.

WILLOW'S WELLS, Nov. 15.—A slight shock of earthquake of five seconds duration was experienced here at 2:41 this afternoon.

TUCSON, Nov. 15.—News received yesterday leaves no doubt but that the revolutionary party in Sonora had a successful fight near Alamos last week, in which six government troops were killed, a number wounded and some taken prisoners. They also captured between 400 and 500 prisoners and about 800 head of cattle. Sympathizers of the revolutionists are freely joining.

UTAH.

Brigham Young.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 15.—A writ of *habeas corpus* has been served on the U. S. marshal to bring Brigham Young before Chief Justice McKean on the 17th.

Indictments for Polygamy in Idaho.

Several indictments for polygamy have been found by the grand jury in Idaho against Mormon residents of Franklin county, Idaho.

Snow Storm.

A snow storm occurred last Saturday night about 18 inches of snow fell in the vicinity of Evanston, Wyoming territory. But little fell in this valley.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Slippery Proceedings in a Court of Justice

SALEM, Nov. 15.—In the county court to-day during the examination of Watkins for adultery, Whiteman, the prosecuting witness in the case was testifying when Watkins drew a revolver and fired at Whiteman missing him the bullet striking a man a quarter by train named D. D. Orton, formerly of Portland in the left side of the head near the temple causing a wound from which Orton will probably die. Watkins is the man who was not recently mutilated by Whiteman for alleged intimacy with his (Whiteman's) wife and for which Whiteman was sentenced to the penitentiary one year. Watkins was immediately arrested. Three shots were fired one entering Orton's face at one side and passed entirely through his head.

ANCIENT AMERICA.

TRACES OF HER FLOURISHING RACE A THOUSAND YEARS AGO—WORK OF THE HAYDEN SURVEY—PREHISTORIC TRIBES IN THE UNITED STATES.

[From the N Y Herald]

SALT LAKE RIVER, Southeastern Utah Aug 3, 1875.—The limits of the section of the country abounding in prehistoric remains seems to be well defined, for when the first ruined building is observed many more are found in the immediate vicinity and so through the whole country occupying the contiguous parts of Colorado Utah Arizona and New Mexico will be found scattered more or less thickly, these evidences of a former prosperous and populous race, until finally converging from the three points the last vestige has been passed.

After we had examined the first important ruins at Aztec Springs we moved our camp in a western direction 25 miles to the banks of a dry arroyo or flood-wash called in the Ouraybean language the Hayden Wash, and by Capt. Moss and Mr. W. H. Jackson, last summer, and signifying

DEARBORN CANYON.

Further down the McElmo stands a group of ruins on a point of land, the usual marked by the name of Battle Rock. This is a great number of cabins rock which has fallen partly down from its original position on the north side of which is a straight fortification wall in a state of good preservation. Below this wall is the walls of a tower some 45 feet in diameter standing, showing the ends of cedar beams still around the circumference of which above the ground, where the roof of the tower had been laid. On the south of Battle Rock Clay the remnants of several walls, and on the very top of the highest point of Rock several hundred feet above were stone walls still supporting standing closely from the general character that the place had been one of defense. Much broken pottery was scattered around and several arrow heads but exceedingly perfect that arrow heads were picked up among it. And the Navajo tribe in advocating that was visible on either side partially built in the rocks far above us. One town was reported to us as situated about all around Battle Rock. It stood on a square mesa two miles above the little bend and its walls cut off the prominent of the cliffs and the ruins of which marked the sandstone of the mesa.

Dozens of different sizes might be mentioned and described, but for illustration a few of the most characteristic will be enough.

Just north of our camp near by in a quarter of a mile distant stood a collection of ruins complicated and extended ruins we had ever seen. Two general shapes in the group was the first, running from the north around through the west to the south of where the commenced. The entire length was some 500 feet. In the erection of the durable structures no definite plan seemed to have been followed by the architects although, for all we can tell they may have had a definite purpose in every particulars in design. The outer walls of the fortress (for everything indicated that it had been used as such) stood on a solid layer of rock or stories of boulders 100 feet above the creek, while the walls of the interior of the area stood on the level ground below thus forming two successive stories to the building, the higher of which was undoubtedly approached from the top of the lower by means of ladders. The building stone was all roughly cut or trimmed into rectangular and cubical blocks and plastered together with the hands of the workmen. It is a matter of uncertainty that the all of most of their houses but ding these people employed no masons or builder's tools for the prints of the fingers, knuckles nails and whole hands are distinctly impressed in the mud which is now as hard as the rocks which it joins together. The very veins and finest lines of the skin of the fingers is visible everywhere on the edges of the mortar. We cannot imagine the amount of labor in cutting stone carrying it from the hillsides and building it into thousands of cubic feet of wall that is represented in one such production of those ancient people. Perhaps thousands of hands were employed for many years although many things suggest the idea of rapidity in the erection of such strong holds.

A REMARKABLE SKELETON

Selecting two chambers among the others in the building, we had them cleared of the rubbish which had been deposited for centuries mixed in small animals the wind and the wearing away of rocks and mortar. This reached to a depth of three and a half feet, but we discovered nothing on the floor of the apartment save fragments of decomposed ordinary and several pieces of charcoal and other mutilations of fire. Everything had been destroyed thus or else had long since been carried away by wandering tribes of Indians or exploring whites. In the neighborhood we discovered several other less important walls and cave houses which unlike those of the Navajo Canon invariably built on the west side of the morning sun appeared here on either side in approximately six or eight miles above the great ruin and also was found in the very bank of the wash. The skull and part of the body protruded through the earth and so attracted attention. The body has been placed in a half reamber attitude scarcely four feet below the surface which was now covered with sage brush indicating a growth of more than a hundred years. The skull was dug out perfectly whole, but fell to pieces when it was dropped on the ground. It showed a full, high but flattened forehead and undoubtedly belonged to the dolichocephalic or long headed division. The head was massive and unusually long the jaws containing two regular sets of very large and strong teeth, which still were perfectly preserved. The bridge of the nose was very prominent and denoted a very large nasal organ. We entertained no doubt that these were the remains of one of the ancient inhabitants entirely distinct from any of the representatives of the genuine Indian tribes of to-day. More developments may serve to solve the problem.

Passing down the Hovenweep, we stopped to investigate many old buildings among the cliffs and rocks; one of which stood on a cubical stone thirty old feet each way. There were no means of getting up to where the walls stood around the edge except by the aid of a ladder or by creeping up the perpendicular face by the assistance of shallow weather worn hollows niched in the rocks. But beyond this we observed

ANOTHER KIND OF RUIN

situated on a high bluff beneath which were etchings cut in the overhanging cliff, and pictorial inscriptions which were undoubtedly produced by the original builders of the surrounding dwellings. Above this, on the highest point of the mesa we picked up a number of stone implements and found an extensive graveyard marked off into squares of about six feet by stones set regularly into the soil on edge. On opening two of these nothing was revealed but a quantity of charcoal and some white dust. From a foot and a half to two feet down the solid bed rock appeared so that it impossible for anything to have been buried there. The only conclusion at which we could arrive, then, was that this particular community practiced cremation either as a portion of their religion or because of the urgency of the times when their prosecutors were driving them out of their country. We noticed particularly some large circular mounds which perhaps marked the resting place of the ashes of some prominent personages.

Let us go back to the history of our country, or rather refer to the

PREHISTORIC HISTORIES OF THE PAST

Some time about the sixth of seventeenth century A. D. a race of people appeared on the Western Continent called the Toltecs. Whether they were autochthons springing from the soil or whether they migrated to the country from another is not settled and is a matter of much conjecture but the latter supposition seems the most probable, for their subsequent appearance can be accounted for in no other way. They may have come over from Asia and penetrated southward to Central America, for their manners customs and modes of living, so far as we can ascertain resembled closely those of the Orientals. They were an industrious, harmless peaceful people and ploughing to a certain extent the fine arts and in some parts of Central America mighty emblems of stone carved and polished and built in fantastic shapes, representing huge serpents and imaginary beasts still remain to bear evidence of the advancement of the times and the proficiency of the architects.

ABOUT THE TWELFTH CENTURY

a race of people known as the Aztec Toltec, barbarous and uncultured, came down from the northward and conquered and subjugated the Toltec race. For a time they ruled and made slaves of the vanquished people but the Aztecs seem to have been a tribe that sprung up suddenly and as quickly disappeared for we lose all trace of them after they are absorbed into obliteration. Notes however, the Toltecs. Until lately there seemed to be a wide gap in time between these ancient races and the Indian race of to-day. The connecting link seems to be the modern Moqui, who most probably descended from the builders of the ancient ruins we are now investigating, and they in their turn were in all probability remnants of the subjugated Toltec race escaped from bondage. The builders of these ruins seem to have come from the South, and built northward and were then driven back, step by step, for generally the lowermost ruins are the most perfectly preserved and and evidently the most recent being occupied as their ancestors retired southward. For a time this scattered people seem to have regained their freedom prospered and multiplied, spreading their arms and secreted colonies throughout most of all the canyons of the tributaries of the San Juan thence west as far as the Colorado river. But presently another race relentless and resistless as the Aztecs appeared on the scene. These were in all probability the ancestors of the present Utes, who drove the inhabitants of many of the ruins of the San Juan. We have this fact from the traditions both of the present Utes and Moquis. Traditions of the latter say that they left a country in the north-west and came to their present location after a long journey. Their traditions also say that they found the country occupied by a people who lived in houses built in the cliffs and rocks, and that they were driven out by the Utes. Whether these traditions refer to the Aztecs or to the Toltecs is not known. It is certain that the Moquis have been in their present location for many hundreds of years. In regard to the antiquity of the ruins a great diversity of opinion exists. Some will give them an antiquity

NEARLY A THOUSAND YEARS

while others set them down as being not far from 10. It is more probable however that they have been standing as near as it is possible to conjecture from the external evidences which they present for a time in the neighborhood of 500 or 600 years.

THE WRECKED STEAMER

INQUEST ON THE DEAD BODIES PICKED UP.

From proof sheets furnished by Mr. Davis, foreman of the *Standard* office we learn that an inquest was begun at Victoria on Friday of last week, on three of the bodies of persons recovered from the wreck of the United States, who have been landed from one or another of the vessels which have been plying on the Sound for many years ago beyond the recollections of the oldest inhabitants. The bodies recovered were identified as those of Mrs Keller, of San Francisco G T Vining, of Puyallup W T, and a man supposed to have been a seaman whose name is not known.

The inquest was held before Hon A J Pemberton with the following gentlemen as jurors: Eugene Clark John R Ayres Robert Plummer, James Pell Alexander, Wilson and Chas L Seymour. Mr Pell was chosen foreman. The jury decided to inquire into the cause of the death of each of the three persons jointly.

The following evidence was adduced:

James Fox sworn I am chief engineer on board the steamer *Grace Telfair*. I saw those three bodies picked up out of the water in the vicinity of Neah Bay seven miles out of Cape Flattery; the body of the woman has been identified as that of Mrs Keller of San Francisco; the man named G T Vining is from Steilacoom W T; in the pocket book produced was written on several other papers in his possession the purser and myself took them off his person, amongst other things taken from his person is a gold watch and chain number 5 621 made by Robert Roscow which had stopped at the hour 9.30, we found also a Masonic emblem and a bill of lading for 264 sacks of hops a blank form of insurance policy a purse containing $20 in gold $5 10 U S currency, and $0 60 in ten cent pieces one gold ring, also a pocket revolver, (articles produced.)

To the jury—We went out about 15 or 18 miles southwest of Cape Flattery did not see any wreck in the neighborhood the bodies were discovered Tuesday morning. I have been engaged passing up and down the straits, in my opinion the wreck took place from five to seven miles below Cape Flattery, the bulk of the wreckage we found off Pillar Point, W T, and found no signs of wreckage below, we also took these three rings (produced) from the woman's finger whose name I believe to be Mrs Keller; one of the rings is engraved in the inside with the letters I & H the body was dressed as it is now she had a pocket handkerchief in her dress pocket with the letter "I. Market" in one corner (handkerchief produced.) On the person of the other man (name unknown) was found only a Catholic prayer book (book produced), I was present during the search of all the bodies found.

James McCarthy sworn—Don't know either of the bodies of the men recovered by name but saw the youngest man in Seattle on board of the steamship *Pacific*, and believe he was one of the hands on board of the vessel; don't know his name.

J H Carney sworn—Am purser on the steamship *Grace Telfair*, my evidence will be the same as that given by Mr Fox. I took charge of the valuables found on the bodies; know the bodies came from the steamer *Pacific* by the life preservers found on them. I was not acquainted with Mr Vining, knew him to be a trader, and had a store at one place called Puyallup, Tacoma, knew he belonged to a Masonic lodge at that place.

Benj Hully sworn—Have known Mr Vining for upwards of five years, was at the deceased's house about a month ago; deceased told me then he intended to go to San Francisco when all his hops were shipped, recognized the body this morning when I came in, deceased leaves a family at Puyallup, Tacoma.

THE BODY OF MRS KELLER

Mrs Sarah Duck sworn—I identify the body of the woman to be that of Mrs Keller, San Francisco, the deceased (Lizzie Keller) was spending the afternoon at my house the day before she left on the *Pacific*, she had a child with her aged seven months, the deceased with her husband and child left on Thursday, the 4th on board the *Pacific* for San Francisco. I recognize the ring produced, a hair ring she gave me when I opened it. I looked at it and she asked me if I had ever seen any other like it.

A SURVIVOR'S EVIDENCE

The testimony of Henry F Jelley omitting that part of it which was given in his statement when first rescued showed that in the judgment of the witness the *Pacific* was not in sea going trim and he says "On going out of the harbor I made the remark that our ship kept this list we were steering. We were told repeatedly to trim ship. I was last I mean when the vessel leans over to one side as we were about four or five miles out of the harbor they commenced to put water into the boats to keep the vessel steady. The first water was put in the boat on the port side the boat was swung in on the davits, then vessel was listing to the starboard when they put the water in the boat. She kept steady for a while and then listed over to the port side each one of the officers pull the plug out of the boat on the port side to let the water run out and put the hose in the boat on the opposite side one forward of the pilot house and one abaft this kept the vessel even for a while as my opinion this channeling of waste was all along. I went to bed on the saloon floor at seven o'clock a number of passengers were sitting around the cabin table the rest had gone to their berths, thought I lay down for about an hour. I was aroused by a shock and a crash which sounded as if a log was shoved through the starboard side the side I was sleeping on; my first impression was that the anchor had fallen down; partly dressed myself and went on deck, dressed did not seem to get over my trouble; heard the bells ring I think to stop the engines; when I reached the deck found the vessel all right only struck on the rock; she was set [illegible] Went back to the cabin and noticed the vessel careen over and heard the water rushing in; was until then unaware that I was on board of a steamer; tried to ask the captain what was the matter but could get no answer; asked one of the boats in charge of [illegible] to hear the answer; asked any [illegible] were in the wheel house went to the wheel house and found the pilot gone; asked him who asked me if I knew the course to land in; marking that if not he knew we should steer the ship [illegible]

[illegible] the man was afterwards washed [illegible] and no person at the wheel house; [illegible] of the wheel house and let the [illegible] off left the house then I [illegible] which was the last I saw of him; [illegible] I heard the captain say [illegible] gers that I [illegible] the ropes [illegible]

without a crew. I know the words were spoken but by whom I am not sure. Went [illegible] alongside the boat forward [illegible] the paddle box one of the davit falls broke and had to get new block and tackle [illegible] to the many of the ladies were placed in the boat heard a lady say [illegible] there was some water in it the first one never appeared to have charge and ordered all the men to get out, some got out, one of the crew threw one of the passengers [illegible] on the deck in the bow I saw a number of the cabin waiters. I asked why they were allowed in they said they were there to take charge of the ladies finally the ship settled down so much so that the boat floated mine and I was cut loose.

BROKE IN TWO AND WENT DOWN

I think the engine broke through the ship before the vessel went down. The pilot house then floated over towards the boat there were five of us on it when the vessel went down I felt the water smooth all around and I saw hundreds of people struggling in the water when the pilot house came near enough I and another man stepped on it the other three remained on the boat which was the last I saw of them heard before we left the ship that two boats had got off am almost sure one of the life boats full of passengers went down with the ship was not down with the steerage passengers saw none of the cargo except the horses could not say whether the captain was dressed or not my impression is that it was a good hour from the time I heard the crash till the vessel went down there did not seem to be any discipline on board at the time did not see any of the officers during the struggle save the first engineer who appeared to be doing what he could should say the lights I saw would be about 100 yards off and appeared like plain lights—like those from a cabin window my honest conviction is that the ship was not fit to go to sea and remarked to a fellow passenger that there was one chance out of ten if we would get to San Francisco without an accident did not see any person landed at Sooke.

ADJOURNMENT

Here the jury was adjourned until Tuesday to enable the jury to hear the evidence of the quartermaster who was saved, and that of others whom the jury thought would give information respecting the manner in which the boats were fastened to the ship.

During the investigation the room was crowded with persons. The bodies of the dead lay decently covered in the same position in which they were picked up by the officers and crew of the steamship *Queen Telfair*.

Mr Jelly the chief witness who is still sick was seated in a chair and seemed to be recovering from his very severe sufferings.

THE GOVERNMENT OFFER FOR THE INDIANS A REWARD

The *Enterprise* left Victoria Saturday morning, for the scene of the late disaster. Capt. Warren an experienced mariner on the west coast has been engaged as Indian interpreter and pilot. Capt Long of the *Fontaine*, has been authorized by the local government to offer to the Indians along the coast a reward of $100 for each person rescued alive belonging to the wrecked *Pacific* and for each dead body picked up a reward of $20. This well advised step has been decided upon in order to stimulate the Indians to make search for the victims of the recent lamentable occurrence.

LATEST NEWS FROM THE WRECK.

Second Cruise of the Wolcott—Results.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

PORT TOWNSEND, Nov. 15.—The revenue cutter *Wolcott* arrived this afternoon from her second cruise in search of the bodies of the victims of the late disaster. She followed the shore line of the south side of the straits, commencing at Point Wilson, searching every floating object, and landing boats at different places where there was a probability of drift lodging and requesting the residents and light house tenders all along the route to keep a good lookout and report anything that might be of interest. A number of Indian canoes were overhauled above Port Angelos who reported that a [illegible] young man writing pertaining to the wreck, had been picked up at Elwah, but on arriving at that place the surf ran high and it was impossible to land a boat, neither would any canoes come off from shore, although they were repeatedly hailed. Light portions of the wreck were found on the south shore as far west as Fresh Water Bay then all indications disappeared, and Captain Harwood on Sunday morning, headed the cutter for the Vancouver shore, around Sooke and Becher Bay. The water was covered with floating kelp and pieces of the wreck. About noon a body was discovered with a life preserver around it. On getting it aboard, it proved to be that of a man, about 40 years of age about five feet six inches high, black hair and beard and dressed in a dark tweed suit. On his body was found an American silver watch and in a body belt $97 in coin and notes. From his diary and a stamp it bore his name was discovered to be D C McIntyre. He had been up on the Fraser river since September last and had arrived in Victoria just previous to the sailing of the *Pacific*. A receipt for poll tax paid in Jefferson district Sutter county, California was also found, and it appeared that he had resided at Marysville California for some time. He came there direct from the East and had been employed by Mr Rheuben Hobbs, and it is probable that some of his friends or relatives may reside at Marysville. His body was taken to Port Townsend, and will be buried. Any further information respecting him or his effects will cheerfully be given by addressing Collector H A Webster or Capt. Harwood.

The search was continued around Sooke, Becher bay and Race Rocks, but nothing else of importance was discovered.

The steamer *Los Angeles* was spoken Sunday afternoon but reported seeing only some light portions of the wreck on her way up the Straits.

Nothing was left undone by Capt Harwood that would render the search effective and complete and to convey to the friends of the victims news of their sad fate.

Many telegrams were received from different parts of the coast containing descriptions of persons who had sailed on the *Pacific* but there is little hope of any further discoveries of living or dead victims of the sad calamity.

THE TERRITORIES

Large numbers of beef cattle are shipped every week from Olympia to supply the Victoria market.

Gov Ferry of Washington has proclaimed Thursday Nov 25th as a day of thanksgiving according to the usual custom.

Pope & Talbot of Port Gamble mills, have purchased the stern wheel steamer *Constitution* 148 tons, in San Francisco, for $10,000.

Col Barnabee of Seattle has lately bought the celebrated Busby farm in Crescent harbor Whidby Island and proposes to make a model farm of it.

There are at present twelve prisoners confined in Kitsap county (W T) jail of which five belong to that county five territorial one to Jefferson county and one to King county.

The Olympia *Courier* says: A farmer whose name we could not learn from the Kittitas valley, started through the Naches valley soon after the fall rains began with 200 mutton sheep in charge. After getting the most of the sheep with the boat a man who informed him that all the little streams were full to the brim and that it was impossible for him to get through. The farmer knew he could not drive them back the way he came on account of the high waters so he abandoned them to the storm as wild beasts or starvation and rode toward home as fast as he could. We imagine the whole valley must have presented a material for a woollen factory long ere this.

[illegible] to the Whitney House to return [illegible] to their places and every [illegible] returned to their prosperity of the Institution.

The steamer *Success* is the name of a new passenger [illegible] Seattle county published by Horace Hale [illegible]

LETTER FROM OLYMPIA

OLYMPIA, Nov. 12, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

This being the last day of the session the solons are kept busy in working their respective bills up to a final passage and making preparations to vacate the seats retained by them during the past forty days. As the members have already received their pay they begin to feel indifferent as to the result of any measures but those in which they are [illegible] interested.

On approaching the capitol this morning I was rather surprised to see the flag flying with the Union down and being anxious to know the reason of this unusual sign of distress I hurried to the house and learned that it had only been hoisted in that way in anticipation of the number of bills about to be slaughtered and verify the prognostication proved true.

From the large quantity of business rushed through and also from late adjournments I was unable to forward a report by mail last evening and trust that I may be pardoned if I take up a little more space than usual. One of the most remarkable bills of the session was introduced yesterday by Mr Hughes of King declaring intoxication a misdemeanor, and making it applicable to [illegible] and foreigners. The crime to be punishable by a fine of not less than $5 nor more than $25 and office-holders double. The bill passed the house without trouble, but the title could not be agreed to and it perished accordingly. During the evening session the honorable gentleman had the courage and I give him credit for it), to introduce another bill of the same description which was referred to the committee on education. That committee however, failed to report on the bill previous to adjournment and it was consequently lost.

INSANE ASYLUM

During the morning session of Thursday the attention of the Council was directed to [illegible] to act to amend an act approved January 1 1867 relative to the care and keeping of insane persons. Mr Pickering appealed to the feelings of the members in forcible and most emphatic language in favor of the unfortunate insane, asking to have the present corrupt system wiped out of existence, so that the record of the Territory, as regards the keeping of insane persons may not be tarnished in the eyes of a charitable public. Mr Bland followed in the same strain, stigmatizing the system as corrupt in every particular and disgraceful to the Territory at large. He had known the present contractor (Mr Harmon) for many years, and knew him to be a humane man and not one likely to abuse the trust reposed in him but the system of giving the care and keeping of insane persons into the hands of the lowest bidder was what he was opposed to, and against which he raised his voice. Petitions were read from citizens of Jefferson, King and Pierce counties praying for legislation on this important subject which showed that the Territory jealously watches over the unfortunate placed in her charge. The bill failed to pass. At the afternoon session it was evident from the number of persons in the lobby that public feeling was aroused as regarded asylum matters, and when H B 57, "an act to establish a hospital for the insane in Washington Territory," was taken up, every one in a moment became interested. Being on its second reading, Mr Grinell introduced an amendment to the bill, which would have had the effect of leaving the system in its old condition. He did not believe in appointing trustees and boards of directors when anything out of the usual course was to be transacted, and as far as the present system was concerned, he was of the opinion that a change would not make it better.

Mr Evans having called Mr Ringer to the chair, took the floor in defense of the bill. As far as the present system was concerned, he was in favor of carrying out the agreement [illegible] and paying over cent of indebtedness incurred by [illegible] which he believed had been expended by Mr Harmon for the good of those in his charge, but he would never raise his voice to support a system which he believed wrong from its very foundation. By the contract system, insane persons who were utterly unable to keep themselves were hurled out on the sometimes merciless hands of the lowest bidder. The honorable gentleman had known the contractor Mr Harmon, for twenty-four years—the man who has been made the target for two years for all the heaviest shots that could be fired from the tongues of slanderers and defamation. The gentleman left the room, to be able to say publicly that Mr Harmon had been basely slandered—he was *not* the monster that had been represented. On the contrary, he was a humane man—a man who was willing to do everything possible to alleviate the sufferings of the insane and with such a record any Christian man might be content, but if under such generous treatment the system has proved a failure, then the sooner it was changed the better. The honorable gentleman was also listened to with interest, and his remarks carried with them a weight which could not will be overcome.

Mr Whitney produced the report of the Inspector of insane asylums by which it appeared that the contract system was not recognized at all.

Mr Ladu was opposed to vesting the care of the insane in the hands of any board of trustees. He believed this matter should have been attended to earlier in the session, instead of considering now, they could best afford to tow a flag staff round Cape Horn to the Centennial, or debating the question of a man being allowed to marry his grandmother.

Mr Harmon wished the house to distinctly understand that he was not fighting for the contract system.

Mr Douthit paid a handsome tribute to the resident physician Dr Ballard, stating that his character was always considered high while attending to the East Portland asylum. A good deal had been said about Mr Harmon not discharging a man named Samuel Rose when he was sane, yet soon after his discharge Clark county was under the expense of sending him back again to the asylum as insane as ever.

The question being on the final passage of the bill resulted as follows:

Ayes—Messrs Abrams, Cooke Crawford Hannah Harris Hedges Hughes Huntington Karr Kelly Lloyd, Lynch Newland, Richards Ringer Russell, Ruth Shrum, Scott Wimpy, Whitney, Wood and the Speaker—23.

Noes—Messrs Douthit Foster Grinell Ladu Miller—5.

Absent—Mr Ferguson.

Excused—Mr Harmon.

So the bill passed.

SNOQUALMIE PASS BILL

On the 23d ult a bill was introduced in the lower house for the construction of a wagon road through Snoqualmie pass. The bill owing to the strong feeling that existed toward it or for some other cause failed to pass to the engrossment and supplement of several members in both houses who took every opportunity to rake the matter up and make more of it than it was worth.

On the 6th inst a bill was introduced in the council entitled "An act permitting persons to cross the Territorial University and Public Square," and by some means the title was changed so as to read "An act permitting persons to cut a road across the Capitol grounds and Public square." Of course it was a thing but a grand lottery as to who such as may be heard of in Wyoming, when the [illegible] for the erection of certain buildings plainly [illegible] a fortune in [illegible] jubilee. The bill passed the council without difficulty, and on coming to the house was severely commented on. The principal [illegible] was as to whether the act would justify the means? whether it was better to kill the bill and thus deprive the territory of a [illegible] benefit or pass it and [illegible] a generous public to lose a few dollars? For the purpose of making a compromise with their consciences the house amended by striking from its provisions every county excepting King and Yakima which were the only two directly interested and in this way the bill passed. In addition to this a memorial was presented to Congress asking for an appropriation for the purpose of aiding in this great work so there is every chance of the Snoqualmie pass becoming in time a public thoroughfare.

NEWSPAPERS FOR THE INSANE.

A correspondent some time since referred to the fact that the insane patients took great pleasure in reading papers and examining pictorials and urged the necessity of supplying the poor creatures with such papers as might be interesting to them. It is pleasant to be able to state, and creditable to the gentleman who introduced the bill (Mr Harmon) that H B 372 provides for supplying one copy of each newspaper published in Washington Territory for the use of the insane as a last appeal I would ask the people of the Territory who can afford it, to contribute whatever illustrated papers and periodicals they can spare for so worthy an object, and I would also suggest that the unfortunate prisoners confined in our unhealthy, good-for nothing, abominable badly ventilated holes, called by the high-sounding title of jails, should also share in the distribution.

God pity the wretched prisoner
In his lonely cell to-day
Whatever the sins that tripped him,
God pity him, still I pray.

By the way I should like to ask here what was done with that petition from a prisoner confined in the Pierce county jail, which defied such a miserable state of affairs in that rotten institution? Was it suppressed purposely in the Council for fear of spoiling some pet measure or was it thrown in the waste basket because the spelling and grammar was not very good? Is it right or just for the people of this Territory to allow such grievances to exist without trying to remedy them? I think not and the sooner they are looked after the better it will be for those concerned.

QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE

During the last day's session Mr Foster moved that the chairman of the committee on education be instructed to report forthwith to the House on the matter of a petition presented by certain residents of Port Townsend relative to relocating their county seat. The chairman stated that he had mislaid the petition, and was unable to produce it. Mr Foster insisted on his rights, and demanded the petition, at least. The committee were granted until evening to make their report, and when that time came Mr Foster again arose and demanded the report of the committee. A majority and minority report were both submitted, together with the missing petition, of which the following is an exact copy:

PORT TOWNSEND, Nov. 1 1875.

We, the undersigned citizens of Jefferson county, would respectfully ask your honorable body to pass a law authorizing us to relocate the county seat and we will *always* pray. Signed [illegible] million more), Albert Briggs, J G C Clinger, J M Hammond, J. J J Van Bokkelen and R. L. Tibbals.

This petition carried such weight with it that a bill was presented and passed to the above effect, and happened to be the very last bill approved by the governor during the session.

RELIEF BILLS

A great deal of time was very uselessly spent by some of the members of the House in discussing the propriety of passing certain relief bills for work actually performed during the session and expenses otherwise incurred, and especially was this the case with regard to a bill for the relief of Tacoma Lodge No 4 I O O F, for rent of Territorial library room, which was charged at the rate of $15 per month. The remarks made by one member were considered very much out of place, especially as they regarded an Order in which he may one day be glad to obtain a membership, and had he but known that he was insulting several members of the Legislature, as well as outsiders, he would certainly not have spoken as he did.

LIVELY TIMES

As the hour of adjournment approached the interest seemed increasing, and the lobby all the evening many [illegible] crowded to excess until the hour of midnight. About 1 P M the governor's nominations were reached, and then came the tug of war. It seems that during the day Mr. Pickering, in his usually blunt but honest manner informed some members that unless they voted for his measure (the hospital for the insane) he would throw off on them, and vote in favor of the governor's nominees. Of course they passed the bill, but no sooner were they out of the frying-pan than they got into the fire, and in this way Mr. Sovey had stuck to the Democratic side up to the last day when something (nobody knows what) caused him to swerve, and the check rein not being on, the chaise was tilted over and the occupants were found floundering around in the mud.

The action of Mr Sovey was very severely criticised so much so that a resolution was drafted signed by all the Democrats, accusing him of having acted a dishonorable part. Whether this is so or not I am not in a position to say, for I have always found Mr Sovey a perfect gentleman, and one not likely to act the part imputed to him without having good cause for it.

COUNCIL CONFIRM THE NOMINATIONS.

The nominations made by the governor and approved by the council were as follows: Auditor Colonel John R. Wheat, lawyer, Olympia; treasurer, Francis Tarbell, agent, Olympia; librarian, Fred S. Holmes, printer, Olympia. Commissioners of immigration, M. [illegible] A. H. H Stuart, Olympia; O P Lacy, Walla Walla; L B Hastings Port Townsend; Trustees of hospital for insane J W. Brazee, Shanandaie John Baltar, Steilacoom; G A. Barnes, Olympia; Geo D. Hill, Seattle; Arthur Putnam, Port Ludlow. The only nomination that failed to be confirmed was that of superintendent of schools, as I presume the present incumbent will hold on.

The most important event of the session being over, interest in all other matters began to wane. The House, as usual, indulged in fun, speech making and jokes, and at one time a direction the door keeper Mr Jones of Walla Walla, to speak on the subject of woman's rights, which he did in a very efficient manner, making points and striking hard blows at some of the members in a very telling and very business like manner. As Mr. Jones has lately been called to the bar, I have no doubt he will make a mark for himself in his legal capacity, which will not be easily erased.

CLOSING HOURS

As it drew near midnight the question was asked if the session must terminate the moment the hands of the clock reached that hour, and the governor having been interrogated on the subject in an unofficial manner gave it as his opinion that the session need not close before 10 A M. next day, if necessary. Some how the answer made by his excellency got spread up and it was soon after stated in various quarters that the governor intended keeping the Legislature body together until 10 A M. the following morning. As nothing was further from his thoughts in so doing this, it is but fair to mention the matter just as it occurred.

The enrolling clerk Miss Nickels having finished her labors (and by the way, I might state that her office was no sinecure, from the fact that on the last day about twenty seven bills had to be enrolled for the Council all of which was done in a most creditable manner, which might be considered as at least one point made in defense of woman's rights) all the bills having been approved by the governor the council appointed their committee to wait on his excellency for further orders. Nothing having to be given the council adjourned sine die and very soon after the house having gone through the same formality, followed the example of the upper house and by 1 A M the doors of the capitol were closed and the memorable session of 75 was at an end. *Sic transit gloria mundi.*

Previous to adjournment the thanks of the house and council were returned to the presiding officers of their respective houses and I must say in closing, that I have never met any gentlemen more obliging than they have all been in their several capacities. Mr. O Bates, the efficient chief clerk of the house and Mr Perkins who held the same office in the council my sincere thanks are due to Mr. H. H Halbert the watchman of the lower house, for various courtesies extended, in return for which, I need only say that Mr. [illegible] proved himself a faithful and efficient officer. However as want of space forbids, I can only repeat my thanks to all.

I have already forwarded by telegraph the titles of all the bills approved by the governor during the last two days of the session which together with those contained in my letter of the 10th inst., constitute all which have been signed.

In my last published telegram I made a slight error in one of the titles which it may be well to correct here. The bill was not to prevent the indiscriminate sale and use of poisons not to persons, as published. While correcting errors I should like to make a correction in my report concerning the [illegible] distributed during the fair held here by the W W I A. The report on plants preparations exhibited by Mr. Neate of city should have been "W. I. C. Neate & Co. fine display of preparations in pharmacy, perfumery, every article being [illegible] and put up by himself, first premium; [illegible] ma

PACIFIC DISASTER.

Our people have not yet recovered from the terrible shock they received by the loss of the steamer *Pacific*, and every hour develops [illegible] the day persons can be heard asking the question, "Any further news from the wreck?" Indeed alas! I fear little more will be heard of the unfortunate persons who took passage on the ill-starred vessel. I was informed to-day by a gentleman from Puyallup that the loss of Mr. Vining, together with the large quantity of hops consigned to him by residents of the valley will bring sorrow and trouble to many a family in that vicinity. The amount of gold on board is supposed to have been about $50,000 pounds which would probably have been about $10,000. Mr. Ezra Meeker had a large quantity on board, which were [illegible] therefore, I presume he will not be very heavily, but

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING NOVEMBER 16 1875.

BY THE PLATFORM AND BY HOOK

It has to me pretty much all along seemed, if we mistake not that the effort to establish a Reform School in the county is destined to fail those who have been making the subject special attention, having come to the conclusion that it is impracticable to raise the amount of money required by law as a contribution precedent to the appropriation to be made by the county We had hoped the means might be raised without serious difficulty but the general impression seems to be that the institution ought to be under State control, for State purposes and not a merely local affair Many who would give liberally in order to secure the establishment of the institution but for its objection discourage the effort to build it up by and for Multnomah county alone

Assuming that this county plan will not succeed, what is to be done? The subject must not be allowed to pass out of mind It is of too great moment to society for that To allow the children who have fallen into criminal habits to go at large and extend the baleful influence of their example and association to other children every day till one or more from every family has become a victim, and every household is brought to grief is a thing not to be thought of On the other hand the proposition that children of tender years will be sent to the penitentiary when they commit the crimes for which adults would receive that punishment, ought not to be accepted as a final solution of the difficulty. If that is the only protection the community has or can have under the Law, let there be no mawkish sentiment against adopting it but let the sense of humanity so far have sway as to incite to the providing of some other punitive and reformatory institution for youthful offenders as soon as that can be no unsuccessfully

The punitive principle should not be forgotten in considering this subject While children continued for offenses against the law should be placed under circumstances more emphatically reformatory than those that attend an ordinary felon in his confinement while reformatory agencies should be regarded as the main feature of the institution, the confinement should never be divested of its character of punishment Those who are sent to such institutions for crime should feel that they are paying the penalty of their vicious lives, as well as being subjected to discipline intended to benefit them by strengthening and stimulating their moral faculties The Reform School should be a terror to those outside of it Boys should never be allowed to regard it as a pleasant place to go, where they could have a good time when they have become so depraved that it is deemed unsafe for them to be allowed to run at large

And this brings us to the proposition which, it seems to us, meets the demands of the case Let there be a Reform School organized as a part of the State Penitentiary—a Reform School Department We see no considerable objection to such a plan, while it possesses many advantages it would be entirely safe The young criminals would be as completely shut out from society and as closely under control of their keeper, as could be desired The State owns the grounds and perhaps all the buildings necessary for a long time and would add nothing to the guarding force about the prison There would have to be about two employes immediately connected with the care of the children and these could be got at a compensation not exceeding $1 200 each per year Let this subject have careful consideration It has been spoken of favorably by some of our citizens who have taken an active interest in the subject of preventing juvenile crime, and, we are persuaded, it will be the more favorably received generally the more it is studied

A GOOD CASE FOR THE EXERCISE OF THE PARDONING POWER

Salem is the scene of just such a murderous assault in open court as was made by a defendant in a justice's court in this city nine years ago The case will be recollected in which a defendant drew his pistol and shot a witness who was testifying, killing him instantly. In Salem, however, the defendant is not so accurate a shot, and instead of slaying his enemy who is on the witness stand, misses him at three successive shots, but sends a bullet crashing through the brain of a gentleman who happened to be in the court room, a stranger to the controversy Of course the perpetrator of the deed is under arrest He will probably in due time be tried and convicted, and sentenced to the penitentiary That will end the matter for a few months and then he will be pardoned out, as the cold blooded murderer in the Portland case above referred to was pardoned out If this be not the final upshot of the matter Watkins, who shot his man in the court at Salem, will have abundant ground to complain that the Governor does not treat him as he treats others He can cite, not only the Portland case mentioned before, but a case that went from this county a few days ago, in which the Governor, without any apparent reason—only that some people had asked him to do so—annulled the well considered verdict of a jury of this county and the judgment of the court thereon, and set free without a month's or a week's punishment a person who had just had a fair and impartial trial and convicted of a felony

It is a shocking thing this taking the life of a fellow man, and is especially shocking when done in the temple of justice, and while the administration of the law is in progress. We do not perceive just now however, why that or any other crime may not be committed with the most perfect safety in this State and we advise all people who read of the transaction in the Salem Court yesterday to restrain their feelings and not indulge in any unnecessary inquiries on a matter which after all is of no importance A little reasoning will show that the courts of justice are entitled to none of the consideration they enjoy among the people anyhow If the solemn judgments of the courts are of so little dignity that they are to be nullified by the executive when any few good people ask it, why should the mere mockery of trials proceedings by which those judgments are reached be so very sacred that they may not be varied with a little pistol practice whenever any of the parties concerned think that would relieve the monotony of the court room

Mr Beecher's paper *The Christian Union* is at it again This time it is the appointment of Zach Chandler to be Secretary of the Interior that inspires its critical editor to say

Observing people no matter how great may be their respect for ex Senator Chandler's abilities, must be pardoned for wondering what hitherto concealed mental quality has fitted him for the position of constitutional adviser to the President But that excellent paper never fails to perceive the good as well as the evil in current events and therefore it finds some consolation in the thought that possibly the President did not want any more advisers than he already had and that he appointed Mr Chandler simply for the purpose of having the administrative work of the office honestly performed Mr Chandler is therefore congratulated on the grand opportunity presented for him to distinguish himself by introducing honesty into the Interior Department Delano if his eye should fall upon *The Christian Union* will very likely ask the President for another certificate of character

The Sacramento *Record Union* thanks the Republican gains in the recent election in New York were made at the expense of the moral tone and respectability of the party This remark is occasioned by the fact that the Republicans, in order to accomplish the result formed a coalition with the canal ring and with John Morrissey and his sore headed Democratic following and made war upon the reform measures promulgated by Governor Tilden These unsavory alliances were charged upon the Republicans during the campaign by the opposition press, but the *Record Union* is the first journal of acknowledged Republican principles and preferences so far as we have seen that has admitted the truth of the accusation

NEW TO-DAY.

$3000 WANTED FOR ONE TWO OR Three Years on first class Real Estate security Address P O Box 202 n16d1t

FOR SALE!

THE ENTIRE EFFECTS OF A NEATLY FURnished house at a sacrifice Furniture nearly new House rents for $25 per month No 53 Clark street, near Fourth n16 14t

SITUATION WANTED.

A YOUNG ENGLISH GIRL WISHES A SITUation to assist in housework or to do chamber-work Apply at Mrs. Watkins' First street between Harrison and Hall n16d2t

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THIS SOCIETY WILL be held in their Rooms in Ankeny's Building this (TUESDAY) evening at 7 30 o clock By order of PETER TAYLOR President

Oregon Casimeres, Tweeds Doeskin, Beaver, Flannels, and Yarn etc etc, for sale at 107 Third street by JOHN WILSON

Dress Making, Cutting and Fitting latest Styles, by a competent Dressmaker at reasonable prices Bonnets and Hats for Ladies, Misses and Children Fancy Notions Sacques Cloaks Pearls and general line of Ladies' Wares, at 93 Third st. n10d6t E E PARSONS

NOTICE OF SALE,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE UNdersigned Assignee of the Estate of the St Helens Mill Company bankrupt, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash (gold coin) in hand on Wednesday the 8th day of December 1875 at 10 o'clock A M at the Court House door, in the city of Portland the following described parcels of real estate, to wit Lots Nos one (1) and two (2) in Block No twenty six (26) in Carter's Addition to the city of Portland

ARTHUR CRAIGFIELD
Nov 15 1875 n16d1d Assignee

FOR TILLAMOOK!

THE SCHOONER KATIE L. HERON

Is now receiving FREIGHT at DAVENPORT'S WHARF Foot of Hamilton street n16 16t

SUGARS!

Ex Bark Jane A Falkinburg from Honolulu
2,000 BAGS AND 600 BAGS
ISLAND SUGARS,
From the following Plantations
Koholo, Wailuku,
Hailku,
Just received and for sale by
n16 6tm ALLEN & LEWIS

$2 00 - Horse-Shoeing - $2 00

SHOP 37 & 39 STARK STREET.

FIRST-CLASS WORK & NO LAME HORSES!

PORTLAND REFERENCES!

JOHN GIBEN, P BACON
HENRY GREEN, J R CHAPMAN
HAMILTON BOYD

No Frog No Foot! No Foot No Horse!

C

GOODENOUGH Horse Shoer.

County Rights for Sale.

FRANK GOODENOUGH, Agent.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION

KALAMA TO TACOMA

DAILY (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Kalama	11 20 A M	Tahoma	5 20 P M
Tacoma	8 30 A M	Kalama	12 40 P M

CONNECTIONS

At Kalama with O S N Co's Boats to points on Columbia River

At Tenino with stages for Olympia

At Tacoma with Steamers for all points on Puget Sound on Sundays and Wednesdays at 6 P M with Steamer for Victoria and Sitkine Mines

And on the 6th 16th and 26th of each Month with the Inside Full Ocean Rate Company's steamers for San Francisco

Through Tickets for sale at the office of the O S N Co Portland Or

J W SPRAGUE
General Superintendent.

H W FAIRWEATHER
General Ticket Agent

Kalama, W T Nov 15 1875

VARNISHES,

OF ENGLISH AND AMERICAN Manufacture—

A FULL SUPPLY

HODGE, CALEY & CO.,
DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

NEW TO-DAY.

TOYS, TOYS & FANCY GOODS!

T. DITTENHOEFER,
S W Cor FRONT and FIVE STREETS

ESPECIALLY INVITES ATTENTION TO HIS Large and well selected Stock of

HOLIDAY GOODS,

Consisting of
Fancy Goods, Albums
Writing Desks Work Boxes,
Baskets, Baby Carriages,
Oak Wagons and Carts,
OF ALL KINDS

Toys too Numerous to Mention

All of which I am offering in the Trade at
REDUCED RATES.

Country dealers are requested to examine my Stock before purchasing n16d3p

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.

FALL IMPORTATIONS!

AT

"THE WHITE HOUSE"

Consisting of the Latest Novelties in

PLAIN & PLAID DRESS GOODS,

Including the Celebrated

Basket Plaids,
Matelaise Suitings,
New Centennial Cloth,
Silk & Col'd Cashmeres,
Imperial Diagnols,
Knickerbocker Plaids,
Venetian Suitings,
All Wool Bege,
Camel's Hair Plaids.

Together with all the various
FALL AND WINTER
Shades of

SILKS & VELVETS

To Match

We beg leave also to call attention to our splendid display of

IMPORTED COSTUMES, DRAP ETE.,
BEADED AND BEAVER

SACQUES AND CLOAKS,

And to our

Millinery Department!

Consisting of the Choicest and most Extensive Variety of

FRENCH
HATS AND BONNETS
FLOWERS,
FEATHERS.
RIBBONS,
ORNAMENTS, &c.,

We Invite especial attention---being the MOST ATTRACTIVE ASSORTMENT ever presented to the Ladies of Portland.

A Close Inspection of our Establishment will at once convince our patrons that every Department is so complete that it is impossible to describe the many Novelties on Exhibition.

LEWIS & STRAUSS
No. 87 FIRST STREET.

This Week

JOHN O'NEILL,
Merchant Tailor,

WILL OPEN

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK

OF

Cloths & Furnishing Goods!

In Raleigh's Building
FIRST & STARK STREETS.

Silk Umbrellas.

We have just received a large Stock of Ladies and Gents' SILK UMBRELLAS which we will sell at a great reduction from regular prices. These Goods are of the best English make, soft twilled Silk and Parugon frames.

Also, received a nice Stock of Gents' SCARIFF UNDERWEAR.

n12tf CLARKE & HENDERSON.

PORTLAND BAND

MUSIC AT

REDUCED RATES!

PARADES FUNERALS SERENADES ETC at $1 00 per Man

BROWNER'S QUADRILLE BAND

Music for Parties $2 00 per Man
Balls 3 00

Orders left at Gray's Music Store on S W corner First and Yamhill streets

Dancing Clubs will do well to give us a call Best Terms in the City n11 dtf

Neat Fitting and Comfortable.

THE PATENT

Water-Proof Coats,

AT

NEIMEYER & UTTER'S,
MERCHANT TAILORS
31 FIRST STREET.

R. DINSMORE,

Money and Stock Broker,

420 Montgomery St bet Sacramento & California
SAN FRANCISCO

U S Currency and Silver Coin Bought and Sold
Stocks Bought and Sold on Commission
n16d3m

A Rousing for the Public!

CLOTHING AT COST FOR CASH!

At Currier & Co's, 73 First street.

AMUSEMENTS.

MASONIC HALL!

MUSICAL & LITERARY
ENTERTAINMENT
Will be given in

FRIDAY, NOV. 19, 1875,

Under the auspices of the
LADIES OF THE UNITARIAN CHURCH.

In addition to Home Talent

MISS FANNIE MARSTON
(Prima donna of the Marston Bijou Opera Troupe)

MISS EUGENE HOLBROOK,
(Pupil of Mr James Murdoch)

MISS EMMA MILLER,
(Of the Boston Conservatory of Music)

MASTER W BIVENS,
(Solo Flautist)

PROF. McGIBENY AND FAMILY
AND
MR. CHAS. BRAY
AND THE AMPHION QUARTETTE CLUB
Have kindly volunteered

ADMISSION 50 Cents.
Reserved Seats without extra charge

Box office open on Thursday at G L DEPRANS Music Store at 10 o'clock

A SOCIAL HOP!

Will be given by
The Scandinavian Society,
AT GOOD TEMPLARS' HALL,
TUESDAY EVENING, NOV. 16, 1875

Tickets can be had of the Members or at I G Heidel Bush's Jewelry Store

DEDICATION BALL!

OF

Multnomah Tribe No. 3,

IMPROVED
ORDER OF RED MEN.
AT PHILHARMONIC HALL,
Thursday Evening, November 25, 1875.

Committee of Arrangements.

Geo. C Sears W S Norton Edward Holman
W H Butts, W Clark

Honorary Committee.

A B Hallock of Oneonta No 4
W H Williams Oneonta No 4
E A Shaw Oneonta No 6
R Schuster Willamette No 6
D Shinnfield Willamette No 6
R H Cardwell Wauconda No 6

Reception Committee

S J Jeffery R E Bybee W S Stevens,
John Byers J B Kelly

Floor Managers.

Geo. C Sears Edward Holman W S Norton,
W H Butts J Odenbrick

MUSIC furnished by Prof BRAY Prof PARRISH Prompter

Tickets, admitting Ladies and Gent, $1 50.

Tickets may be obtained from any member of the Committees

HERE WE ARE!

Clothing at Cost!

CURRIER & CO.

Will sell their Entire Stock of

FINE CLOTHING

For the next 60 days

AT COST!

For Cash Only.

RICH AND RARE

HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

Real Laces & Ostrich Feathers

JUST RECEIVED FROM EUROPE

Black and White Shawls,

AND LACES OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

These Goods must be sold in 60 days at any sacrifice, duties thrown in

MRS HIGGINS,
Eighth street bet Main and Salmon

MRS. OGDEN,

Cor. Fourth and A Streets, Portland, Or.

CUTTER AND FITTER OF LADIES and CHILdren's Suits after Mrs. Curtis Models Also, SLIMPSON and DRESSMAKING in all its branches INITIALS made to order PATTERNS of all kinds cut by measurement Persons living at a distance can have the latest styles in Suit Material bought and made up on receipt of bust and waist measure Other shopping done on a reasonable commission Mourning made up in 24 hours notice n16d3m

PALACE of MUSIC

PIANOS AND ORGANS

For RENT, or SOLD

ON INSTALLMENTS, AT

G. L. DePRANS & CO.,

FIRST AND MORRISON STREETS,

SOLE AGENCY FOR

Hallett, Davis & Co.'s Pianos,

Used by every First class ARTIST in the World in preference to all others.

GEO. WOODS & CO.'S ORGANS,
The Finest and Best made

RUBBER PAINT.

RUBBER PAINT. MANUFACTURED BY THE PACIFIC RUBBER PAINT CO. OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. Patented June 29, 1869, April 4, 1871

Best Paint in the World.

Flows from the Brush freely Works easily, and will not Wash, Crack or Peel off, and Dries with a Fine Gloss

"RUBBER PAINT"

Will Cover more Surface; Cover it Better and Last Longer than Lead and Oil, and is Guaranteed to be Superior to any CHEMICAL PAINT of any kind whatsoever.

The Solicitors and Agents of other Paints have represented that our Patents are worthless, and that Dealers would lay themselves liable to prosecution and damages These reports are simply an

UNSCRUPULOUS ADVERTISING DODGE.

In reply, we guarantee all who handle our Goods, to the fullest extent against any trouble or interference. We also guarantee our Paint to be

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. CHEAPER

In covering than the Averill Chemical Paint[illegible] guarantee that it will

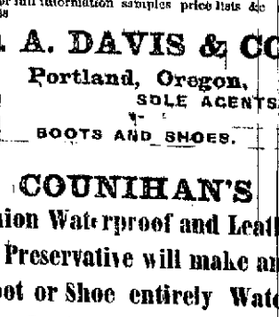
[illegible] AS LONG,

Without Chalking, Fading or Peeling off, of which [illegible] ndant proof By calling at [illegible] we will refer to buildings painted with Averill Chemical Paint within [illegible] months which are chalking and cracking off—a part of the buildings one color and a part another color, NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROPRIETORS CLAIM IT WILL DO NEITHER.

List of Colors, Prices and Circulars on application to the SOLE AGENTS,

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,
Dealers in
DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS & GLASS,
75 Front and 76 First Streets
Portland

MIXED PAINTS.



AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT

Manufactured by the
CALIFORNIA CHEMICAL PAINT CO.,
117 Pine St, San Francisco,

Pure White, and any desired Shade of Color,

MIXED READY FOR USE!

Unequaled as a House or Ship Paint!

Will not spoil by standing any length of time

Most Beautiful and Durable Paints Manufactured

Any one can apply them,

Guaranteed to last two coats as long as the best White Lead or any other Paint yet in the market

Put up in ½ 1 2 and 5 gal packages and in barrels

N B The Manufacturer of Averill Chemical Paint[illegible] first introduced it in this city in Dec 1870 since which time it has been and still remains in the market but all such are infringements of the Averill Patent and dealers in it are liable to prosecution for violation of the U S Patent Laws None are genuine save those marked Averill Chemical Paint, and bearing our Trade Mark—a fac simile of which will be found on each package sample card and price list

For full information samples price lists &c address

T. A. DAVIS & CO.
Portland, Oregon,
SOLE AGENTS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

COUNIHAN'S

Union Waterproof and Leather Preservative will make any Boot or Shoe entirely Water Proof. Agency, Wholesale & Retail, at GEO. A. PEASE & CO.'S, 77 First Street, Dekum's Block.

C. M. WIBERG,

135 FRONT STREET

IS OFFERING HIS STOCK OF

BOOTS & SHOES

At Greatly Reduced Prices,

For the Next Thirty Days.

WANTS.

Good Opening for a Business Man.

PARTNER WANTED IN A GENERAL Merchandise Store The business has been established five years and is a profitable one to any man and a year which can be easily increased to fifty and a year which can be [illegible] The object is to secure the capital and then and The object is to secure the capital and to join the services of a good inside man Capital required Five Thousand Dollars, at least to avail [illegible] Dollars a fair share of brains and a large [illegible] Kinds a fair share of brains and a large [illegible] kinds a fair share of brains and a large [illegible] kinds a fair share of brains and a large [illegible]

...AND COMMISSION...

...RICHARDSON,
...TIONEER
...FRONT AND OAK STS

...tion Sales...
...K, ROOMS &c, GENERAL MER...
...AND STORAGE CHOSEN'S

...Wednesday and Saturday
...Private Sale...
...nt of GOODS, &c...
...ances made on Consignments...
...Sewing Machines for sale...
...nase a good Stand Pipe...
...A. B. RICHARDSON, Auct...

...and Peremptory Sale
OF
...EAL ESTATE
...Groceries, General
...rchandise, Etc.
...AY NOVEMBER 17, 1875,
...AUD ROCK & M...
...OINTS, ROOM AND STORE...
...LSO
...CLOTHING
...ALSO
...SH TOMATOES
...VO CATSUP
...R SAUCE
...OLI
...O OAT...
...D CATSUP
...K OIL
...HING TOWELS
...Y TOILET SOAP
...RICHARDSON, Auctioneer

...INSURANCE.

...itish and Mercantile
...surance Company,
...DON AND EDINBURGH.
...$15,000,000 Gold
...VARD HALL,
...CH, OREGON BRANCH,
...bet. Washington and Alder
...HE STATE
...nent & Insurance
...COMPANY,
...OF SAN FRANCISCO
...AND MARINE
...rporated in 1871.
...ts, - - $420,606.
...OFFICERS:
...HUE, A. J. BRYANT, ... President.
...President, ... Vice President.
...ES H. CUSHING, Secretary.
...y has no connection with any in...
...ination its business is transacted...
...ying Rates each risk being rated...
...own merits.
...ned having been appointed Genera...
...bove Company are now prepared...
...cations and issue Policies for Fire...
...s at equitable rates.
...A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
...Office—25 Front Street, Portland,...
...for Oregon and Washington Terry...
...wanted throughout the State and...

...GON BRANCH
HOME
...INSURANCE COMPANY
...LTON BOYD, Manager.
...2 First St., Portland
...RINE AND INLAND IN...
...SURANCE.
...ON ... President,
...RD ... Vice President,
...Y ... Secretary,
... Marine Secretary,
...W ... Marine Surveyor,
... General Agent.

...N SALE OF TEAS!
BY
...JONES & CO.,
...ANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,
..., November 18, 187...
...MPORTATION OF
...ondray & Co.
...T ARRIVAL
...0 PACKAGES
...NEW CROP

...AN & COMP'T
...TEAS!
...orted Packages Co...ng
...ound and half-pound papers
...oxes in three, four-and-a-half
...d ten pound packages)
...ancy Cases
... JONES & CO Auctioneers.
...ST ISSUED.
...300th EDITION.
...ANHOOD,
...ND CORRECTED BY THE AUTHOR
...F. CURTIS, M.D. &c &c
...sy of the ... and cure of ...
...n man all of its ... health ...
...ment ... given ... treatment ...
...arriage ... exhausted vitality ...
...ases ... the ... the ...
...ases ... essential ...
...SIONS OF THE ... ...
...MANHOOD ... ...
...ch ... the ... ...
...he ... perfect ... of ...
...Tree, a ...
...MANHOOD. This book ...
...ying for ... instruction ...
...f. It will ... no ... ...
...ailed by ... express ...
...CURTIS ... ...
...ADELPHIA, PA.
...ES DUFFY
...FOOT OF ...
...LD COURT ...
...Washington Streets
...ED FRUIT.
...THE PLUMMER PROCESS.
...ARD 2D ... 1876.
...ESTABLISHED & CO.
...7 First street.

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 16 1875

CITY.

A Little Row Over.—On Sunday an altercation occurred in a saloon in East Portland, between Mike Connelly, the yard master at the east side depot and a man named Mathews during which the latter seized a tumbler and dealt the former a powerful blow on the head. Mr Connelly's head was severely cut by the tumbler, and he was felled to the floor by the violence of the blow. After striking Connelly Mathews left the saloon and was not seen until yesterday morning. A complaint was lodged against Mathews charging him with assaulting with a dangerous weapon and he was arrested by the city marshal yesterday and brought before the recorder. An examination was held which resulted in Mathews being held to answer the charge before the grand jury. His bonds were fixed at $200.

The Beautiful Snow.—A fashionable young gentleman dressed in the latest style with elegant stove-pipe and faultless boots was viewing up Washington street yesterday admiring that beautiful and plaintive air the snow the beautiful snow and no doubt thinking of the happiness in store for him when seated in a dashing cutter with his own love by his side (and it may be specially so on the probable length of the drive at the rate of five dollars an hour) when some fast hunk came a snowball giving him a plaster over the left optic covering his shirt bosom with dirt and snow and tipping his hat in an unbeautiful to behold. The young man offered a mild ejaculation not found in the religious text books and started after the young hoodlum who meantime had beaten a hasty retreat and was safe around the corner. The young man is said to have been an earnest advocate of the reform school, but now declares the penitentiary too good for such chaps.

Visiting the Precincts.—The tax roll has been completed and placed in the hands of Sheriff Lafferty for collection. As required by law, and also for the accommodation of the taxpayers, the sheriff will attend at the usual places of voting in the following precincts in the county for the collection of taxes on the days named respectively between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. each day. Willamette precinct, William Lovejoy, Tuesday, 16th; Multnomah, Wednesday 17th; Powell's Valley, schoolhouse, Thursday 18th; Sandy, Zimmerman's, Friday, 19th; Fulton, Saturday, 20th; Sauvie's Island, M. Gilbhan's, Monday, 22d; East Portland, Tuesday 23; North East Portland, Wednesday 24th; Grant, Thursday, 25th; North Portland, Friday 26th; Couch, Saturday, 27th; Central, Monday 29th; Madison, Tuesday 30th; Western, Wednesday, December 1st; South Portland, Thursday 2d. The sheriff visited St. Johns yesterday.

New Species of Spruce.—Mr. G. W. Walling, the well-known fruit-grower, has left at this office a shrub that has been cultivated in his nursery near Oswego to which no name has as yet been applied. The growth is a species of spruce, which is found growing in the Cascades and Coast Range of mountains. It is indigenous to Oregon soil and climate but the shrub to be seen at this office has been reasonably domesticated by reason of the culture which Mr. Walling has bestowed upon it. The shrub exhibition is wholly unlike any of the yet discovered. It is a hardy evergreen and as an ornamental shrub has few equals.

Train Delayed.—Recent heavy rains caused a land slide to occur along the line of the Oregon and California railroad yesterday at a point about five miles beyond Comstock's Station. Owing to this, the regular train did not reach here in time yesterday afternoon. Delay was unavoidable, as the earth and stones had to be removed from the track before the train could pass. Fortunately no accident happened to the cars or those on board. About 9 o'clock in the evening the train came in, bringing passengers, mails and express. The express train left the east side depot on time, and passed the down train this side of Salem.

Real Estate Sold.—Yesterday forenoon Sheriff Lafferty sold at auction, to satisfy a judgment, the following described parcels of real estate in this city. Lots 1 and 2, in block 32, with the handsome residence on, $11,050. Lots 7 and 8 in the same block, $1,412.50. South half of lots 3 and 8 in block 1 with the brick building thereon was sold for $450 subject to a mortgage of $20,000 with accruing interest.

Physician Appointed.—Dr. Schumacher who has been the visiting physician at the county poor house for some time resigned the position a few weeks since to accept the situation of resident physician at the Umatilla Indian reservation. Dr. Curtis C. Strong has been appointed by the county court to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Dr. Schumacher.

Weather Report.—From the records in the U. S. Signal Station of Observation in Portland, Oregon, November 15 1875:

	A M.	2 P M	9 P M
Thermometer	37°	42°	37°
Wind, direction	S	S	S
Wind, velocity	1	4	4
Weather	Snow	It Snow	Cloudy
Minimum temp			10
Rainfall			6

Circuit Court.—Judge Shattuck went to Oregon City yesterday morning to preside at the term of court which convened at that place. To-morrow morning Judge Shattuck will hold court here which will probably continue until the 24th inst. Jurors who have not been excused for the term are expected to be in attendance to-morrow on the opening of the court.

Steamer Delayed.—A private note from Astoria dated the 14th says: The steamer *Ina Anderson* was still lying at the wharf here this (Monday) morning. They endeavored to go to sea yesterday but could not get over the bar, owing to its roughness, and were compelled to return. These steamers will probably succeed in crossing to-day at noon.

Snow.—We are informed that there is plenty of snow back of Astoria on the hills and also opposite on the Washington Territory side. In the vicinity of Oak Point snow fell during Saturday night to the depth of two inches. At Columbia City and St. Helens the snow was two inches deep as the Astoria boat passed at 2:30 o'clock P. M. yesterday.

Found Guilty—Sentenced.—The jury in the district court at Vancouver yesterday in the case of the Territory vs. Burke Ingalls, for the murder of Louis Miller rendered a verdict of manslaughter. The judge sentenced each to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary and a fine of $500.

Attractive.—A very neat circular has been issued by the Chicago Rock Island and Pacific R. R. Co., on the reverse side of which appear lithographic prints of the centennial buildings. The idea is a good one and the company will no doubt reap a benefit through it.

Committee Meeting.—The members of the committee who have been appointed to make arrangements for the proposed entertainment soon to be given under the auspices of the M. C. H. are requested to meet to-day at the rooms of the association at 1 o'clock sharp.

BUSINESS NOTICES

Sugars, of various grades, for Fish, &c. are being discharged by Allen & Lewis.

The Anne Heron is receiving cargo for Tillamook Bay at foot of Yamhill street. She will leave in a few days.

Mr. Goodenough announces a reduction in horse shoeing to $2, and that another invoice of the Goodenough horse shoe was received at the agency in last steamer.

Mr. P. Dittenhoefer is among the first to make an announcement of holiday goods. The stock is so varied that we have not room to enumerate. Mr. D. will tell you all about them.

PERSONAL

S. A. Clarke, Esq., editor of the *Farmer*, was visiting the city yesterday.

Try the Hamburg Steaks at Allen & Lewis's, 145 First street.

REFORM SCHOOL MEETING

Pursuant to adjournment a meeting was held last evening at the Young Men's Christian Association's rooms to hear the report of the committee appointed two weeks ago at the first meeting held at Oro Fino Theater.

Quite a number of our citizens were present at the meeting.

Hon. H. W. Corbett the chairman called the meeting to order and stated briefly the object for which those present had assembled.

J. W. Whalley, Esq., the chairman of the committee, was called upon who came forward and submitted the following

REPORT

The undersigned committee appointed to devise ways and means for the purpose of establishing a Reform School in Portland, Oregon, respectfully report that they have attended to the duty assigned them and beg leave to submit the following:

On the evenings of the 4th and 12th November inst. your committee met and discussed the matters referred to them and after full examination unanimously came to the following conclusions:

First—Growing hoodlumism not only in Portland but in every town of importance in the State imperatively requires the establishment of some reformatory institution in which our many habits may be eradicated or correct principles instilled and instruction given in some useful trade or trades by the practice of which its inmates may be prepared to earn an honest living.

Second—That the expense of organizing, establishing and conducting such an institution is so great as to preclude hope of success if voluntary subscription is relied on to supply the means.

Third—That Portland is not so well adapted for the location of such an institution as is the city of Salem.

Fourth—That the State alone can and that it is its duty to apply the remedy and correct the evil of which all complain.

Fifth—That action should at once be taken on this meeting by appointing a committee with full power to draft a bill to be submitted to the next legislative assembly, providing for the establishment at Salem, Oregon, of a State Reform School and that said committee be instructed to take such steps as in their judgment may be necessary to secure the earnest and active co-operation of the citizens of other counties in the passage of the proposed bill.

Respectfully submitted

J. F. ATKINSON
J. W. WHALLEY
WM. WADHAMS
H. Y. THOMPSON

Pending the motion to adopt the report the question of establishing a reform school was discussed at considerable length by Rev. Dr. A. F. Lindsley, Judge J. H. Woodward, J. W. Whalley, Esq., Wm. Wadhams, and others.

Considerable discussion followed when after being slightly amended the report of the committee was adopted.

It was moved and seconded that a committee be appointed by the chair in compliance with the recommendation made in the report.

Mr. Whalley suggested to the meeting that at least ten persons ought to be appointed on the committee. There should be a sub committee appointed by the general committee to draft a suitable bill and another who could urge upon correspondence. The duty of the last named committee should be to correspond with prominent persons in different portions of the State—especially the clergy—in relation to the importance of establishing such a reformatory institution and endeavor to secure their sympathies in the measure and their interest and hearty co-operation. That gentleman moved that a committee of ten persons be appointed.

Mr. Whalley's motion prevailed whereupon the president named as the members of such committee the following gentlemen: Rev. A. F. Lindsley, M. P. Deady, Rev. R. Hendley, Wm. Hill, Wm. Wadhams, Rev. D. J. Pierce, H. Y. Thompson, Rev. G. B. Atkinson, Rev. T. Flint, J. W. Whalley.

Mr. Whalley moved that the name of Hon. H. W. Corbett be added to the committee which motion unanimously prevailed.

RESOLUTION.

Rev. T. L. Eliot offered the following resolution which, on motion was adopted by the meeting:

Resolved, That this meeting recommend the passage by the common council of the city of Portland of an ordinance for the arrest and punishment of the youths of both sexes under the age of 16 years who without good excuse of their parents or guardians are found on the streets or in improper places after night fall.

Resolved, That the secretary of this meeting be instructed to present the above resolution to the common council for their respectful consideration.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

BRIEF NOTES.

Steamer due this evening.

Thanksgiving one week from next Thursday.

The nuggets were quite abundant on the streets yesterday.

The Scandinavian Society's hop to-night at Good Templar hall.

The quantities of floating drift wood render navigation quite difficult.

No gentle hoodlum finds amusement in pouring chamber lye with snowballs.

The steamer *Oneonta* will run regularly between Lewisburg and Corvallis after the *Ina Clarke*.

Next Saturday the big aforma races will come off, providing of course the weather permits.

A gentleman from Washington county informs us that the snow in that section is several inches deep.

Save your bill for expense by having work done now instead of waiting till a force up forces you to do so.

The west side train did not reach here until after 12 o'clock yesterday, owing to the difficulty experienced in climbing the summit.

The supply of Weekly Oregonians was exhausted early on Sunday, owing to anxiety to procure it for full particulars of the *Parrott* hanging.

The McGibben family and Mr. Chas. Lord have kindly tendered their services for the concert to be given at Masonic Hall on Friday evening.

The gymnasium department of the Turner Hall building will be opened this evening when the gentleman who teaches the art gymnastique expects old and new pupils to attend.

The prospectus of the *Oregon Literary Monthly* has been received. It will be published by Mr. W. P. Keady at Salem and the initial number will be issued about the 1st of January.

GRAND JURORS.

The following persons have been summoned to serve as grand jurors in the U. S. District Court and will be present to answer to their names at the opening of court this morning at 10 o'clock:

Geo. Dorsey, Barton, Yamhill co., farmer.
D. O. Miller, Yamhill co., farmer.
J. W. Rork, East Portland, Multnomah co., farmer.
A. H. Perkins, Brooks, Marion co., farmer.
John W. Jeffries, Marion co., farmer.
G. H. Cornelius, Aumsville, Marion co., carpenter.
P. C. Smith, Portland, Multnomah co., surveyor.
F. K. Arnold, Portland, Multnomah co., merchant.
A. J. Watson, Portland, Multnomah co., speculator.
David Strout, McMinnville, Yamhill co., farmer.
Warren Canston, Silverton, Marion co., farmer.
H. J. McIntyre, Sauvie's Island, Multnomah co., farmer.
Andrew Merchant, N. Yamhill, Yamhill co., farmer.
G. W. Knapp, Dayton, Yamhill co., farmer.
Henry F. Aukeny, Salem, Marion co., farmer.
Wm. Legg, East Portland, Multnomah co., farmer.
C. Reed, Portland, Multnomah co., carpenter.
O. Abernathy, East Portland, Multnomah co., farmer.
C. Reed, Aumsville, Marion co., farmer.
David Everest, East Chehalem, Yamhill co., farmer.
L. P. Laughlin, N. Yamhill, Yamhill co., farmer.
G. L. Baker, McMinnville, Yamhill co., farmer.

You will want the finest newspaper letter at once at Beck & Waldman's who have capital stock also of general writing paper and envelopes.

Dr. C. M. Wood, who for the last six months has been connected with the Oro Fino Theater as a treating physician at Ainsworth Exchange.

Dr. Wood restores circulation to the head, relieves himself by magnetism at Ainsworth Exchange.

Dr. Wood cures all female diseases and all chronic complaints by magnetism.

The steamer *Ajax* brought another large invoice of goods for BECK & WALDMAN who no doubt intend to keep their customers supplied with the very latest styles as fast as the San Francisco market. It is really astonishing, the amount of stock carried by this house and no one can consider the fact that these are dull times and purchase from anywhere else before they call and examine the stock and satisfy themselves that they can do better at Beck & Waldman's.

SHOOTING AFFAIR AT SALEM

WATCHING WHILE UNDERGOING EXAMINATION IN COURT ON A CHARGE OF ATTEMPTING TO MURDER THREE SHOTS AT WHITEMAN THE PRINCIPAL WITNESS AND FATALLY WOUNDING CARTER.

While Awaiting His Preliminary Examination in Court on a Charge of Attempting to Murder Whiteman, Carter Receives Three Shots at Whiteman, the Principal Witness, and Fatally Wounds Carter.

We have an account of a shooting affray which transpired yesterday at Salem.

It appears that a number of persons were in attendance at the court room, which may prove full as much as about 8 o'clock P. M. on the following evening, when the examination of Mr. Whiteman was proceeded with, and you the particulars at this early hour. Owing to the excitement attendant upon the scene we could gather but a few of the details of the facts, which were substantially as follows. Warren Whiteman, who several days ago was arrested on the charge of adultery with the wife of Whiteman, who at present writes from the office of the county clerk of Multnomah county, on the charge of seduction, which arrest Last Saturday, and on which he had given bail in the sum of $1,000, and was to appear at the court in Salem on the 15th inst. Mr. Whiteman was called to the witness stand by the prosecution and Tim Goodell for the defense.

The room, about 18x24 in size, was literally filled with spectators who were seated in chairs or standing against the wall, in the case might be. Whiteman was seated on the witness stand a few feet to the right of the judge. He was giving in his testimony as to the circumstances that led up to the shooting, and the room was otherwise very quiet. Suddenly and without the least word of warning Wilkins who was seated in the 5th of his attorney and but about six feet distant drew a revolver from the left inside breast pocket of his coat and commenced firing at Whiteman. The first shot of course brought everybody to their feet. Whiteman jumped from the chair and retreated behind the crowd. Wilkins was unable keeping a range on him and firing whenever an opportunity presented itself regardless of others in the room who were firing some of the liveliest shooting on record. While wheeling half way around he had discharged his revolver four times when A. J. Donaldson picked up an arm chair and struck him a crushing blow on the head, felling him to the floor. The third shot struck D. D. Orton of this city a painter by trade and then a son-in-law of Mr. Jump of Salem, the ball entering his face about one inch below the left temple inflicting a wound dangerous if not fatal, the leaden messenger lodging somewhere in the head.

Thomas Smith the proprietor of the Chemeketa Hotel barely escaped one shot while George B. Hallman and numerous others had a close call. Whiteman has intended to escaped without a scratch although both no doubt imagined for a moment that the time had come. It is the greatest mystery that none others were injured, the shooting being of the most reckless character. On being knocked down he was overpowered and Deputy Sheriff Barker at once arrested him and furnished him with quarters behind the bars of the county jail. Great excitement prevails and the feeling is very strong against Wilkins who was out on bail at the time and who had he desired might have killed Whiteman long ago without endangering the lives of many citizens and officers. Orton was taken home in a carriage and at last accounts was lying very low.

MILITARY NOTES.

A general court martial will convene at Fort Klamath, Oregon, on May 2d, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M. or as soon thereafter as practicable for the trial of such persons as may be properly brought before it. The following officers are detailed for the court: Captain Henry McElderry, assistant surgeon; Captain John I. Johnston, 21st infantry; First Lieut. John Q. Adams, 1st cavalry; Second Lieut. Geo. S. Hovle, 1st cavalry; Second Lieut. Wilbur Wilrich, 21st infantry; First Lieut. Frederick H. L. Easton, 21st infantry, judge advocate of the court.

The following has been published from the headquarters of Major General Schofield commanding the military division of the Pacific, San Francisco, Cal.: First Lieut. George W. Evans, 21st infantry, is hereby detailed on the general recruiting service at Fort Vancouver, W. T., under general orders No. 125, War Department, adjutant general's office, Dec. 15, 1870. Until further orders First Lieut. Evans will enlist and re-enlist men only for companies serving in the Department of the Columbia and under such special instructions from these headquarters as may be sent to him. All persons desiring to enlist in the army must report in person to First Lieut. Evans at Fort Vancouver.

Under the requirements of Circular Letter from division headquarters, dated August 26, 1875, at the request of Capt. George A. Wells, assistant quartermaster, depot quartermaster, Vancouver, a board of survey to consist of Capt. Robert Pollock (21st infantry), First Lieut. Henry H. Pierce (21st infantry), and Second Lieut. Francis L. Litchfield (21st infantry) will assemble at the quartermaster's depot Vancouver, Monday the 15th inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. or as soon thereafter as practicable to examine with a view to condemnation conform to the standard 6000 cubic feet double bitbanks (new) on hand for sale for which Capt. Wells is requisitioned. Report has not of the authorized length.

CHRIST IN ART.

This work is claimed to be by far the most striking, characteristic and artistic representation of the life of Jesus ever made. It took instantly the admiration of France and obtained the *Grand Diplome d'honneur* at the exposition of Vienna.

The *London Morning Post* the great critical and organ of France said of it: This work will rank side by side with the masterpieces of Michael Angelo and Raphael.

The official programme of the Vienna exhibition which was prepared under the supervision of the Austrian government said: This beautiful work will cause M. Bida to rank with those great masters who have immortalized in art the records of Christianity.

The *New York Times* very justly affirms: There have been no such illustrations of the Bible till now.

Christ in Art is a reproduction of these wonderful scenes by means of the great photographic establishment of Braun Ainsworth & Co., Dusseldorf, engraved in the most elaborate and effective style of that famous engraver, combining in one hundred full page plates on steel and wood. The text gives the story of the words and acts of Jesus Christ in the very words of the four evangelists woven into a faithful narrative by Harriet Beecher Stowe reading like a new poem or true tragedy in the world's history. It is a book for all who love art and religion.

J. B. Ford & Co., publishers. Mr. Ford's well known skill will have great pleasure in exhibiting his work to the citizens of Portland and will receive subscriptions.

Wise counsel will be but take your money, plate rags and paper to the Clackamas Paper Mills Agency, 77 First street. Mr. Stark knows where you can get good prices for them.

Remember Dr. Wood cures pain immediately at the Exchange.

SAVE MONEY by purchasing at H. W. MONNATT'S crockery and glassware Emporium 129 First street, between Morrison and Yamhill. He will give more goods for the least money than any other establishment in the city. A new invoice of Fancy Goods for the Holidays just opened which are very attractive and will be sold low. Call and examine. Remember the place to trade, 129 First street.

If any man can please his customers that man is KOHN, the pioneer clothier, who has one of the best regulated clothing establishments on the entire west coast. His stock is always complete and in his new store in Arcade Hall he has an unusually display to be taken in. Call and examine his prices and you will be convinced that you can save money by buying of Kohn. Orders from San Francisco will receive prompt attention. Remember the place, Arcade Hall, 129 First and 128 Washington streets.

PIANOS AND ORGANS TUNED AND REPAIRED.

Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. Orders left at Beck & Waldman's will receive prompt attention. Charges moderate. Will make regular trips through all parts of the country. Leave orders at Beck & Waldman's. Will be sure to call. Have had many years experience in the business. Have worked in San Francisco, Sacramento and Portland. Refer by permission to the celebrated pianist Frank Hinder. Orders left at Beck & Waldman's will receive prompt attention.

REMOVED.

GEO. H. CHANCE, D. WELCH.

CHANCE & WELCH,
Dentists,
Office—FIRST STREET,
(Odd Fellows Temple.)

The Late Awful Weather has caused a frightful harvest of Coughs, Colds and Pulmonary Inflammation. Brown's Bronchial Troches give immediate relief. Have been introduced in Europe. Sold only in Boxes. Sold by Druggists in this and all foreign countries.

THE COURTS.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

MONDAY, Nov. 15, 1875.

Court met pursuant to adjournment, and there being no business to transact at that time it adjourned.

COUNTY COURT—WOOD, J.

Court met and after transacting some routine business adjourned.

CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK, J.

State vs. Mike Meskel—charge, threatening and challenging with a knife. Defendant failed to appear when the case was called either by attorney or person. He was released on his own recognizance, which was forfeited last Saturday. All efforts to find him have been unsuccessful. It seems that Meskel had a sudden call to Canada on an early hour yesterday morning, on the decks of a steamer. As the case is rather a serious one Mr. Meskel will likely be kept busy for some time to come.

Charge against Liam Corrigan that of contempt of court—was dismissed. It was shown to the entire satisfaction of the court that the defendant was sick from the effects of the severe cut he had received on the arm and was not in a condition to obey the orders of the court which required his presence.

George Furgison a chronic drunkard asked permission of the court to leave town. The judge in all his remarks, I think he would commit the defendant to jail for fifteen days in order to enable him to make up his mind.

Indian Tom was committed to the jail for seven days on a charge of being drunk.

City vs. George Edwards, drunk, fine $10 and in default committed to jail for five days.

City vs. Dan Williams, arrested for being drunk, sent to jail for five days in default of paying his fine.

Berg was required to answer a charge of being drunk. He answered very well but could raise the required amount with the loan and was allowed to depart.

IS CHARLEY ROSS IN ENGLAND

NEW DISCOVERIES BEING MADE IN THE SUPPOSED MURDER CASE.

From the Philadelphia Times of the 9th.

Mr. Walter L. Baker of No. 1 Mercer street was on the 8th of September, received a letter from Nelse Boothe saying that the latter assisted in the abduction and keep of the present whereabouts of Charley Ross and urging Baker to use the knowledge thus given him in restoring the child the particulars of which have been published, received the following letter in Nelse Boothe's handwriting on the 8th inst. The letter was mailed in Philadelphia on the 8th and the New York letter is evidently a blind.

New York, Oct. 9.—*Hide*. You are a damn fool and Ross is crazy. Now you are in danger. I thought you had more sense. So hear you have the most lost your chance for getting the boy. What made you give it away. You must now do as I say, or I will go for you sure for God sake don't say anything to any one now but work for me. I want you to find Custo and then I will venture you to by. If you go to Bradford, Pa., and make inquiries, you can find him easy. You must be quiet about it when you find him which is very easy to do. I will have it fixt for I will marry. I get him a letter, and if I don't you get me I say and show him this. this winter he will be about there or York, know this you must keep from Ross and everybody else. Here is the secret. Custo Englehart is in Sam Herbst and by this time you will find him out if he is still I think it will be all right tell him this. the child Boston gave you in New York is Charley Ross, and then tell him who Charley Ross is for he don't know. I ought to kill you for you have been trying your best to ruin me. do as I say damn you and stop you hunting for me. I want Ross to have his boy. you leave me work and you can succeed. take this with you and shut snow it to living soul but Custo or Herbst if you do I will murder you so ware Baker. I now you know who.

Mr. Baker then published the following personal in the *Ledger* on the 12th instant:

Boston: Send me an order on Herbst to deliver to me. I will go. B.

This personal brought out the following letter endorsing the order for the boy, which Mr. Baker received on the 14th. The envelope bore a two-cent stamp and was postmarked "Philadelphia." It was written on a small slip of paper evidently out of an account book and was as follows:

Baker I seen you notice yesterday. I gets all right. I will not write any more not one line, but I want Ross to have the boy, and you to get me ——— this other name to Sam Herbst or Custo. You in the help I will hear all about it. When you get back Nelse Boothe.

If he can't read you read it to him, he will know all about it.

In the letter was found the following order written on a piece of paper and dressed on an envelope addressed to Sam Herbst, New York, and was postmarked "Philadelphia." It was written in a bold hand and was as follows:

Boston: Send me an order on Herbst to deliver to me. I will go. B.

New York, Oct. 11, 1875.—*Sir Will*: I have received your letter of the 9th which I have read carefully. I am glad to hear that you have got the boy. Now, Sir, you must be quiet and attend to your business. Don't say anything to anybody. Don't write to me. I will come to you. Don't write to me. I will come to you. Don't write to me. I will come to you

[illegible] Oregonian

[illegible] MORNING, NOVEMBER 18, 1875.

[illegible]

The following poem was composed and read as a [illegible] at Butler Hall, by one of [illegible]. The subject is an elevated [illegible] of composition, quite unusual for [illegible] expressed [illegible]

Of often critical visions of the past
[illegible]
We see nothing your tutored witness,
[illegible] waiting place of mould and ill
[illegible] the wind of march that ever swept
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] and with sharp pain while
[illegible]
[illegible] all wrecks
[illegible]
[illegible] of them [illegible] lay salt
[illegible]
Here [illegible] stalks
Where once through thy frequented pathway
[illegible]
A lone [illegible] the lonely night-bird cries!
From the dead [illegible] shows thy crumbled towers,
And the warrior nations of the desert slain
[illegible] as were a hunted place
[illegible]
[illegible] and ungentle tones
[illegible]
[illegible]
Of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] army
Of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the trucklers main
Whose [illegible] pride was a curse to me
[illegible] thy glory now is naught
Save [illegible] [illegible] With in thine mount
The wild [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the gates are rent
With thy [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] road
It [illegible] upon [illegible] fence [illegible]
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] once
Thy lordly towers overlooked the sea.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [